

Toro[®] Sling Ratings



Guidance for safe use

The purpose of this document is to provide technical sling performance data for safe choice and use of Cortland International's Toro® high performance synthetic slings.

While Cortland does manufacture heavy lift slings from other modern synthetic fiber materials such as Technora® (Aramid), Vectran® (LCP), Polyester and Nylon (Polyamide), the most popular fiber is Ultra High Molecular Weight Polyethylene (UHMWPE). Toro® UHMWPE rope slings are extremely durable, have superior strength/weight benefits and have elongation properties after proof loading, similar to wire rope. Specifications of a synthetic rope sling may include additional mechanical components such as end termination hardware, (e.g. thimbles), fittings, (e.g. shackles) and wear protection. These slings are excellent lightweight lifting tools and can be used for many land-based and marine lifting applications.

If the information provided within this document does not address or answer all product support needs, please contact Cortland International at contact@cortlandinternational.com.

Toro®—Proven Strength and Durability

Toro® from Cortland is a rope solution manufactured from Ultra High Molecular Weight Polyethylene (UHMWPE) fiber. This incredibly durable 12-strand or 12x12 braided rope features superior flex fatigue and wear resistance properties.

With an unsurpassed strength-to-weight ratio, it matches the strength of steel wire rope at the same size making it an exceptional lightweight replacement option. Engineered with a pliable, torque-free braided design, Toro rope is an easy-to-handle and economic solution.

Toro 12-Strand

Toro 12-Strand is made up of 12 twisted strands, 6 right-handed and 6 left-handed, which when braided together, create a torque neutral construction. During processing, a polyurethane coating is added to provide protection against application hazards such as abrasion. The finished Toro rope is very durable, cut resistant (compared to other synthetic ropes) and has very good UV resistance. It also has excellent bending flex fatigue—far superior to wire rope. It is extremely flexible and conforms easily to surfaces.



Toro 12x12

Toro 12x12 is a 12-strand braided rope in which each of the twelve strands is, in turn, a 12-strand rope, or braided primary strand. This construction addresses the most critical properties of the fibers to provide very high strength translation efficiency for larger ropes. This design allows for long lay lengths, making rope that is more flexible for bending applications, easy to inspect, and can be quickly spliced using standard 12-strand splicing techniques. Toro 12x12 is supplied with our standard polyurethane finish, although other coatings can be applied to suit specific applications.










Toro® Sling Ratings in Hitch Configuration—LBS

Eye & Eye Sling

Vertical, choker and basket hitches
Basket hitch at varying angles

ratings based on Design Factor of 5:1

Eye & Eye Sling				Minimum Sling Length Ft/Inch						
Vertical, choker and basket hitches					Vertical	Choker	90°	60°	45°	30°
Basket hitch at varying angles						 120° or >				
ratings based on Design Factor of 5:1					Sling Capacity Ratings at Work Load Limits (WLL) in Pounds					
Nominal Size					Toro® 12-Strand					
Dia. inch	Dia. mm	Circ. inch	MBL- Pounds							
1/4	6	3/4	8,000	2' 1"	1,600	1,120	3,200	2,770	2,260	1,600
5/16	8	15/16	11,700	2' 5"	2,340	1,630	4,680	4,050	3,300	2,340
3/8	9	1-1/8	17,500	2' 8"	3,500	2,450	7,000	6,060	4,940	3,500
7/16	11	1-1/4	22,000	3' 0"	4,400	3,080	8,800	7,620	6,220	4,400
1/2	12	1-1/2	30,500	3' 2"	6,100	4,270	12,200	10,500	8,620	6,100
9/16	14	1-3/4	36,500	3' 6"	7,300	5,110	14,600	12,600	10,300	7,300
5/8	16	2	47,800	3' 10"	9,500	6,690	19,000	16,500	13,500	9,500
3/4	18	2-1/4	61,800	4' 4"	12,300	8,650	24,600	21,400	17,400	12,300
13/16	20	2-1/2	74,000	4' 7"	14,800	10,300	29,600	25,600	20,900	14,800
7/8	22	2-3/4	84,300	4' 11"	16,800	11,800	33,600	29,200	23,800	16,800
1	24	3	105,000	5' 5"	21,000	14,700	42,000	36,300	29,600	21,000
1-1/16	26	3-1/4	121,600	5' 8"	24,300	17,000	48,600	42,100	34,300	24,300
1-1/8	28	3-1/2	137,000	5' 11"	27,400	19,100	54,800	47,400	38,700	27,400
1-1/4	30	3-3/4	157,000	6' 6"	31,400	21,900	62,800	54,300	44,400	31,400
1-5/16	32	4	176,400	6' 10"	35,200	24,600	70,400	61,100	49,800	35,200
1-1/2	36	4-1/2	215,000	7' 7"	43,000	30,100	86,000	74,400	60,800	43,000
					Toro® 12x12					
1-5/8	40	5	245,000	9' 1"	49,000	34,300	98,000	84,800	69,200	49,000
1-3/4	44	5-1/2	284,300	9' 10"	56,800	39,800	113,600	98,400	80,400	56,800
2	48	6	369,900	11' 0"	73,900	51,700	147,800	128,100	104,600	73,900
2-1/8	52	6-1/2	423,900	11' 7"	84,700	59,300	169,400	146,800	119,800	84,700
2-1/4	56	7	470,100	12' 4"	94,000	65,800	188,000	162,800	132,900	94,000
2-1/2	60	7-1/2	569,400	13' 6"	113,800	79,700	227,600	197,200	161,000	113,800
2-5/8	64	8	630,300	14' 1"	126,000	88,200	252,000	218,300	178,200	126,000
2-3/4	68	8-1/2	698,400	14' 8"	139,600	97,700	279,200	241,900	197,500	139,600
3	72	9	819,000	16' 0"	163,800	114,600	327,600	283,700	231,600	163,800
3-1/8	76	9-1/2	886,500	16' 7"	177,300	124,100	354,600	307,000	250,700	177,300
3-1/4	80	10	961,300	17' 2"	192,200	134,500	384,400	333,000	271,800	192,200
3-1/2	84	10-1/2	1,095,300	18' 6"	219,000	153,300	438,000	379,400	309,700	219,000
3-5/8	88	11	1,184,300	19' 1"	236,800	165,800	473,600	410,200	334,900	236,800
3-3/4	92	11-1/2	1,273,100	19' 8"	254,600	178,200	509,200	441,000	360,000	254,600
4	96	12	1,435,200	21' 0"	287,000	200,900	574,000	497,000	405,900	287,000
4-1/8	100	12-1/2	1,523,400	21' 7"	304,600	213,200	609,200	527,000	430,800	304,600
4-1/4	104	13	1,618,600	22' 2"	323,700	226,600	647,400	560,000	457,800	323,700

Minimum Break Load (MBL) in pounds or tonnes and is determined using spliced test samples in accordance with Cordage Institute 1500-02 - Test Method for Fiber Ropes.

Minimum Sling Length on Eye & Eye fabricated Cortland slings assumes 1) a *compressed* minimum eye splice of 6.75 times the rope diameter in inches, and 2) a *clear span area between splices* of 10 times Cortland rope circumference in feet.

The recommended Design Factor (DF) of 5:1 on this chart is based on several existing lifting sling standards including ASME B30.9. This design factor takes into account various factors including the use of UHMWPE (Ultra High Molecular Weight Polyethylene) fiber which is extremely durable and resistant to repeated high loads. Toro® rope slings have and can be used with different DF ratios: however, this is a decision which must be made by a qualified person or designer of the lift in conjunction with the rope manufacturer.

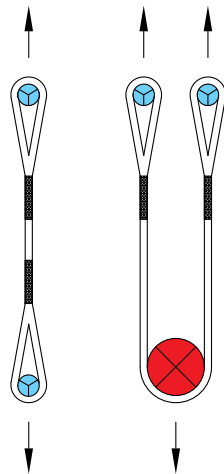
Cortland, at this time, does not recommend the use of Toro rope slings in a choker hitch at a lifting angle of less than 120°. Testing on rated values is not complete and available at this time.

Bending Guidance

In theory, a sling used in a basket configuration could have twice the working load as a sling in a vertical configuration because two ropes are now holding the load instead of one. However, because of bending reductions this theory is incorrect. Users must reduce that factor-of-two by an efficiency factor (i.e., a bending reduction factor).

The more tight a bend is, the more the bending efficiency reduces. If you have a gentle bend, the D:d ratio might be very high. But as the D:d ratio goes down, the bending reduction increases. Example: a 5:1 D:d ratio provides only 80% efficiency.

Reduced Basket Capacity Calculation
$C = B \times e$
C = Reduced Basket Capacity due to bending efficiency reduction
B = Rated Basket Capacity with consideration of horizontal sling fleet angle
e = Bending efficiency percentage



Represents a contact surface that is equal to or greater than the rope diameter



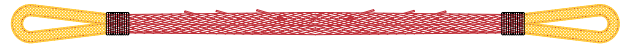
Represents a contact surface with a D:d ratio of one or greater. Refer to the Efficiency Table for deductions as needed.

Efficiency Table	
D:d Ratio	eff % (e)
25:1	100.0%
8:1	82.5%
5:1	80.0%
3:1	75.0%
2:1	72.5%
1:1	65.0%

Toro® Sling Ratings in Hitch Configuration—LBS

Endless Grommet Slings

One splice in one leg
Vertical, choker and basket hitches
Basket hitch at varying angles



One splice in one leg Vertical, choker and basket hitches Basket hitch at varying angles					<div><div>Vertical</div><div>Choker</div><div>90°</div><div>60°</div><div>45°</div><div>30°</div></div>					
					Sling Capacity Ratings at Work Load Limits (WLL) in Pounds					
Nominal Size				Minimum Sling Length Ft/Inch	Toro® 12-Strand					
Dia. inch	Dia. mm	Circ. inch	MBL- Pounds							
1/4	6	3/4	13,200	0' 6"	2,640	1,120	4,750	4,110	3,360	2,370
5/16	8	15/16	19,300	0' 8"	3,860	1,630	6,940	6,010	4,910	3,470
3/8	9	1-1/8	28,800	0' 10"	5,760	2,440	10,300	8,970	7,330	5,180
7/16	11	1-1/4	36,300	0' 11"	7,260	3,080	13,000	11,300	9,240	6,530
1/2	12	1-1/2	50,300	1' 0"	10,000	4,260	18,100	15,600	12,800	9,050
9/16	14	1-3/4	60,200	1' 2"	12,000	5,100	21,600	18,700	15,300	10,800
5/8	16	2	78,800	1' 4"	15,700	6,680	28,300	24,500	20,000	14,100
3/4	18	2-1/4	101,900	1' 6"	20,300	8,640	36,600	31,700	25,900	18,300
13/16	20	2-1/2	122,100	1' 8"	24,400	10,300	43,900	38,000	31,000	21,900
7/8	22	2-3/4	139,000	1' 10"	27,800	11,700	50,000	43,300	35,300	25,000
1	24	3	173,200	2' 0"	34,600	14,600	62,300	53,900	44,000	31,100
1-1/16	26	3-1/4	200,600	2' 2"	40,100	17,000	72,200	62,500	51,000	36,100
1-1/8	28	3-1/2	226,000	2' 4"	45,200	19,100	81,300	70,400	57,500	40,600
1-1/4	30	3-3/4	259,000	2' 6"	51,800	21,900	93,200	80,700	65,900	46,600
1-5/16	32	4	291,000	2' 8"	58,200	24,600	104,700	90,700	74,000	52,300
1-1/2	36	4-1/2	354,700	3' 0"	70,900	30,000	127,600	110,500	90,200	63,800
					Toro® 12x12					
1-5/8	40	5	404,200	3' 4"	80,800	34,200	145,500	126,000	102,800	72,700
1-3/4	44	5-1/2	469,000	3' 6"	93,800	39,700	168,800	146,200	119,300	84,400
2	48	6	610,300	4' 0"	122,000	51,700	219,700	190,200	155,300	109,800
2-1/8	52	6-1/2	699,400	4' 4"	139,800	59,300	251,700	218,000	178,000	125,800
2-1/4	56	7	775,600	4' 6"	155,100	65,800	279,200	241,800	197,400	139,600
2-1/2	60	7-1/2	939,500	5' 0"	187,900	79,700	338,200	292,900	239,100	169,100
2-5/8	64	8	1,039,900	5' 4"	207,900	88,200	374,300	324,200	264,700	187,100
2-3/4	68	8-1/2	1,152,300	5' 6"	230,400	97,700	414,800	359,200	293,300	207,400
3	72	9	1,351,300	6' 0"	270,200	114,600	486,400	421,200	343,900	243,200
3-1/8	76	9-1/2	1,462,700	6' 4"	292,500	124,100	526,000	456,000	372,300	263,200
3-1/4	80	10	1,586,100	6' 6"	317,200	134,500	570,000	494,400	403,700	285,400
3-1/2	84	10-1/2	1,807,200	7' 0"	361,400	153,300	650,000	563,000	460,000	325,200
3-5/8	88	11	1,954,000	7' 4"	390,800	165,700	703,000	609,000	497,000	351,700
3-3/4	92	11-1/2	2,100,600	7' 6"	420,100	178,200	756,000	654,000	534,000	378,100
4	96	12	2,368,000	8' 0"	473,000	200,900	852,000	738,000	602,000	426,200
4-1/8	100	12-1/2	2,513,600	8' 4"	502,000	213,200	904,000	783,000	639,000	452,400
4-1/4	104	13	2,670,600	8' 6"	534,000	226,500	961,000	832,000	679,000	480,000

Minimum Break Load (MBL) in pounds or tonnes and is determined using spliced test samples in accordance with Cordage Institute 1500-02 - Test Method for Fiber Ropes.

Specifications for endless loop (grommet) Toro® rope slings assume one end-to-end splice. The length of splice determines the minimum length of a grommet sling.

The recommended Design Factor (DF) of 5:1 on this chart is based on several existing lifting sling standards including ASME B30.9. This design factor takes into account various factors including the use of UHMWPE (Ultra High Molecular Weight Polyethylene) fiber which is extremely durable and resistant to repeated high loads. Toro® rope slings have and can be used with different DF ratios: however, this is a decision which must be made by a qualified person or designer of the lift in conjunction with the rope manufacturer.

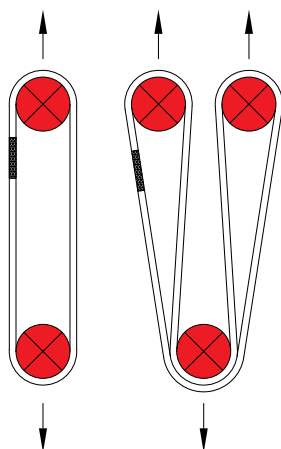
Cortland, at this time, does not recommend the use of Toro rope slings in a choker hitch at a lifting angle of less than 120°. Testing on rated values is not complete and available at this time.

Bending Guidance

In theory, a sling used in a basket configuration could have twice the working load as a sling in a vertical configuration because two ropes are now holding the load instead of one. However, because of bending reductions this theory is incorrect. Users must reduce that factor-of-two by an efficiency factor (i.e., a bending reduction factor).

The more tight a bend is, the more the bending efficiency reduces. If you have a gentle bend, the D:d ratio might be very high. But as the D:d ratio goes down, the bending reduction increases. Example: a 5:1 D:d ratio provides only 97% efficiency.

Reduced Basket Capacity Calculation
$C = B \times e$
C = Reduced Basket Capacity due to bending efficiency reduction
B = Rated Basket Capacity with consideration of horizontal sling fleet angle
e = Bending efficiency percentage



⊗ Represents a contact surface with a D:d ratio of one or greater. Refer to the Efficiency Table for deductions as needed.

Efficiency Table	
D:d Ratio	eff % (e)
8:1	100.0%
5:1	97.0%
3:1	91.0%
2:1	88.0%
1:1	79.0%

Toro® Sling Ratings in Hitch Configuration—MT (tonnes)

Eye & Eye Sling

Vertical, choker and basket hitches
Basket hitch at varying angles

ratings based on Design Factor of 5:1

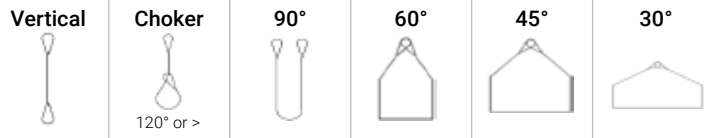
				Minimum Sling Length m						
Nominal Size					Sling Capacity Ratings at Work Load Limits (WLL) in tonnes					
Dia. inch	Dia. mm	Circ. inch	MBL tonnes		Toro® 12-Strand					
1/4	6	3/4	3.6	0.7	0.7	0.5	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.7
5/16	8	15/16	5.3	0.8	1.0	0.7	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.0
3/8	9	1-1/8	7.9	0.9	1.5	1.1	3.1	2.7	2.2	1.5
7/16	11	1-1/4	10.0	0.9	1.9	1.3	3.9	3.4	2.8	1.9
1/2	12	1-1/2	13.8	1.0	2.7	1.9	5.5	4.7	3.9	2.7
9/16	14	1-3/4	16.6	1.1	3.3	2.3	6.6	5.7	4.6	3.3
5/8	16	2	21.7	1.2	4.3	3.0	8.6	7.5	6.1	4.3
3/4	18	2-1/4	28.0	1.3	5.6	3.9	11.2	9.7	7.9	5.6
13/16	20	2-1/2	33.6	1.4	6.7	4.6	13.4	11.6	9.4	6.7
7/8	22	2-3/4	38.2	1.5	7.6	5.3	15.2	13.2	10.8	7.6
1	24	3	47.6	1.7	9.5	6.6	19.0	16.4	13.4	9.5
1-1/16	26	3-1/4	55.2	1.8	11.0	7.7	22.0	19.1	15.6	11.0
1-1/8	28	3-1/2	62.1	1.8	12.4	8.6	24.8	21.5	17.5	12.4
1-1/4	30	3-3/4	71.2	2.0	14.2	9.9	28.4	24.6	20.1	14.2
1-5/16	32	4	80.0	2.1	16.0	11.2	32.0	27.7	22.6	16.0
1-1/2	36	4-1/2	97.5	2.3	19.5	13.6	39.0	33.7	27.5	19.5
					Toro® 12x12					
1-5/8	40	5	111	2.8	22	15	44	38	31	22
1-3/4	44	5-1/2	128	3.0	25	17	51	44	36	25
2	48	6	167	3.4	33	23	66	57	47	33
2-1/8	52	6-1/2	192	3.6	38	26	76	66	54	38
2-1/4	56	7	213	3.8	42	29	85	73	60	42
2-1/2	60	7-1/2	258	4.1	51	36	103	89	72	51
2-5/8	64	8	285	4.3	57	39	114	98	80	57
2-3/4	68	8-1/2	316	4.5	63	44	126	109	89	63
3	72	9	371	4.9	74	51	148	128	104	74
3-1/8	76	9-1/2	402	5.1	80	56	160	139	113	80
3-1/4	80	10	436	5.3	87	61	174	151	123	87
3-1/2	84	10-1/2	496	5.7	99	69	198	171	140	99
3-5/8	88	11	537	5.9	107	75	214	186	151	107
3-3/4	92	11-1/2	577	6.0	115	80	230	199	163	115
4	96	12	650	6.4	130	91	260	225	183	130
4-1/8	100	12-1/2	691	6.6	138	96	276	239	195	138
4-1/4	104	13	734	6.8	146	102	293	254	207	146

Minimum Break Load (MBL) in pounds or tonnes and is determined using spliced test samples in accordance with Cordage Institute 1500-02 - Test Method for Fiber Ropes.

Minimum Sling Length on Eye & Eye fabricated Cortland slings assumes 1) a *compressed* minimum eye splice of 6.75 times the rope diameter in millimeters, and 2) a *clear span area between splices* of 10 times Cortland rope circumference in feet.

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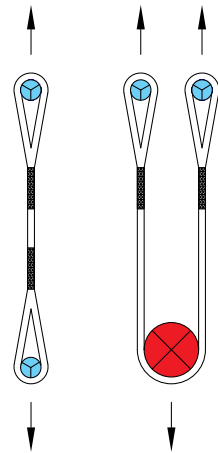




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Reduced Basket Capacity Calculation
$C = B \times e$
C = Reduced Basket Capacity due to bending efficiency reduction
B = Rated Basket Capacity with consideration of horizontal sling fleet angle
e = Bending efficiency percentage



-  Represents a contact surface that is equal to or greater than the rope diameter
-  Represents a contact surface with a D:d ratio of one or greater. Refer to the Efficiency Table for deductions as needed.

Efficiency Table	
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Toro® Sling Ratings in Hitch Configuration—MT (tonnes)

Endless Grommet Slings

One splice in one leg
Vertical, choker and basket hitches
Basket hitch at varying angles



				Minimum Sling Length m						
Nominal Size					Sling Capacity Ratings at Work Load Limits (WLL) in tonnes					
Dia. inch	Dia. mm	Circ. inch	MBL tonnes		Toro® 12-Strand					
1/4	6	3/4	5.9	0.2	1.1	0.5	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.0
5/16	8	15/16	8.7	0.2	1.7	0.7	3.1	2.7	2.2	1.5
3/8	9	1-1/8	13.0	0.3	2.6	1.1	4.7	4.0	3.3	2.3
7/16	11	1-1/4	16.4	0.3	3.2	1.3	5.9	5.1	4.1	2.9
1/2	12	1-1/2	22.8	0.4	4.5	1.9	8.2	7.1	5.8	4.1
9/16	14	1-3/4	27.3	0.4	5.4	2.3	9.8	8.5	6.9	4.9
5/8	16	2	35.7	0.4	7.1	3.0	12.8	11.1	9.0	6.4
3/4	18	2-1/4	46.2	0.5	9.2	3.9	16.6	14.4	11.7	8.3
13/16	20	2-1/2	55.3	0.5	11.0	4.6	19.9	17.2	14.0	9.9
7/8	22	2-3/4	63.0	0.6	12.6	5.3	22.6	19.6	16.0	11.3
1	24	3	78.5	0.7	15.7	6.6	28.2	24.4	19.9	14.1
1-1/16	26	3-1/4	90.9	0.7	18.1	7.7	32.7	28.3	23.1	16.3
1-1/8	28	3-1/2	102.5	0.7	20.5	8.6	36.9	31.9	26.0	18.4
1-1/4	30	3-3/4	117.4	0.8	23.4	9.9	42.2	36.6	29.9	21.1
1-1/3	32	4	131.9	0.9	26.3	11.1	47.5	41.1	33.6	23.7
1-1/2	36	4-1/2	160.8	1.0	32.1	13.6	57.9	50.1	40.9	28.9
					Toro® 12x12					
1-5/8	40	5	183	1.0	36	15	66	57	46	33
1-3/4	44	5-1/2	212	1.1	42	18	76	66	54	38
2	48	6	276	1.3	55	23	99	86	70	49
2-1/8	52	6-1/2	317	1.3	63	26	114	98	80	57
2-1/4	56	7	351	1.4	70	29	126	109	89	63
2-1/2	60	7-1/2	426	1.6	85	36	153	132	108	76
2-5/8	64	8	471	1.7	94	40	169	147	120	84
2-3/4	68	8-1/2	522	1.7	104	44	188	162	133	94
3	72	9	612	1.9	122	52	220	191	156	110
3-1/8	76	9-1/2	663	2.0	132	56	238	206	168	119
3-1/4	80	10	719	2.0	143	61	258	224	183	129
3-1/2	84	10-1/2	819	2.2	163	69	295	255	208	147
3-5/8	88	11	886	2.3	177	75	319	276	225	159
3-3/4	92	11-1/2	952	2.3	190	80	343	297	242	171
4	96	12	1,074	2.5	214	91	386	334	273	193
4-1/8	100	12-1/2	1,140	2.6	228	96	410	355	290	205
4-1/4	104	13	1,211	2.6	242	102	436	377	308	218

Minimum Break Load (MBL) in pounds or tonnes and is determined using spliced test samples in accordance with Cordage Institute 1500-02 - Test Method for Fiber Ropes.

Specifications for endless loop (grommet) Toro® rope slings assume one end-to-end splice. The length of splice determines the minimum length of a grommet sling.

The recommended Design Factor (DF) of 5:1 on this chart is based on several existing lifting sling standards including ASME B30.9. This design factor takes into account various factors including the use of UHMWPE (Ultra High Molecular Weight Polyethylene) fiber which is extremely durable and resistant to repeated high loads. Toro rope slings have and can be used with different DF ratios; however, this is a decision which must be made by a qualified person or designer of the lift in conjunction with the rope manufacturer.

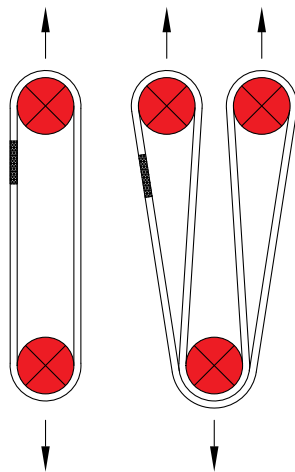
Cortland, at this time, does not recommend the use of Toro rope slings in a choker hitch at a lifting angle of less than 120°. Testing on rated values is not complete and available at this time.


Bending Guidance

In theory, a sling used in a basket configuration could have twice the working load as a sling in a vertical configuration because two ropes are now holding the load instead of one. However, because of bending reductions this theory is incorrect. Users must reduce that factor-of-two by an efficiency factor (i.e., a bending reduction factor).

The more tight a bend is, the more the bending efficiency reduces. If you have a gentle bend, the D:d ratio might be very high. But as the D:d ratio goes down, the bending reduction increases. Example: a 5:1 D:d ratio provides only 97% efficiency.

Reduced Basket Capacity Calculation
$C = B \times e$
C = Reduced Basket Capacity due to bending efficiency reduction
B = Rated Basket Capacity with consideration of horizontal sling fleet angle
e = Bending efficiency percentage



 Represents a contact surface with a D:d ratio of one or greater. Refer to the Efficiency Table for deductions as needed.

Efficiency Table	
D:d Ratio	eff % (e)
8:1	100.0%
5:1	97.0%
3:1	91.0%
2:1	88.0%
1:1	79.0%

Notes

This image shows a full page of white paper with evenly spaced, light blue horizontal ruling lines. The lines are parallel and extend across the width of the page, providing a guide for handwriting or typing. There are no margins, text, or other markings present.

Cortland International operates the world's largest synthetic rope manufacturing organization with capacity to produce over 70,000 metric tons of rope and netting solutions per year. Collaborating with customers, our team uses its experience in high-performance materials and market knowledge to transform ideas into proven products.

For more than 40 years, our custom-built solutions have been engineered to perform in the toughest environments and tackle some of the world's most demanding challenges. Trusted across aquaculture, marine and shipping, offshore energy, aerospace, defense and industrial sectors, they consistently empower our customers to meet and exceed mission-critical demands.

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